Android support for Microsoft Exchange in pure Google devices

Note: The information presented here is intended for Microsoft Exchange administrators who are planning and implementing support for any of these pure Google devices running Android.

Android support by version and device

The following Android™ versions support Microsoft Exchange information services and security policies:

- Android 4.0.4 (Ice Cream Sandwich)
- Android 4.1 and later (Jelly Bean)

The following “pure Google” devices support the Microsoft Exchange services and policies:

- Galaxy Nexus phones running Android
- Nexus S phones running Android
- Motorola Xoom tablets running Android
- Nexus 4 phones running Android
- Nexus 7 tablets running Android
- Nexus 10 tablets running Android

Requirements

To support Android 4.0 running on pure Google devices, you must be running one of the following versions of Microsoft Exchange:

- Exchange Server 2010 SP1 with Exchange ActiveSync 14.1
- Exchange Server 2010 with Exchange ActiveSync 14.0
- Exchange Server 2007 SP1 with Exchange ActiveSync 12.1
- Exchange Server 2007 with Exchange ActiveSync 12.0
- Exchange Server 2003 SP2 with Exchange ActiveSync 2.5

The following information applies to the Android platform, including the Settings, Email, Calendar, People, and related apps as built by Google. If a device manufacturer has modified these apps on its own devices, contact the manufacturer for information about support for Exchange features.
Supported information services

Users can add Microsoft Exchange accounts to their pure Google devices by using the Account & Sync settings available from the Settings or Email app.

Android supports the following Exchange information services:

- Adding Exchange user accounts (via an ActiveSync server), and enforcement of some mailbox policies (as described in “Supported security policies,” next).
- Synchronizing email, using the Email application
- Searching email, using the Email application
- For Exchange 2010 only, synchronizing information about messages that have been forwarded or replied to
- Synchronizing calendar events, using the Calendar application
- Synchronizing users’ contacts, using the People application and shared system-wide
- Auto-completion from a Global Address List (GAL) when searching for email addresses and other contact info in Email, Gmail, People, Phone, and Calendar

If you are running a Microsoft Exchange 2007 or 2010 server, Android also supports the automatic discovery of your Exchange server, using only an email address and password, when an account is added. (You must first configure your server to support this feature).

See this support site for information on adding accounts; using the Email, Calendar, and People applications; and other features of Android 4.0 running on pure Google devices.

Supported security policies


If you establish a mailbox policy for your Exchange server, you can also remotely wipe the contents of any device that used your server to add an account from. For details, see Remote Wipe policy, described below.

Require password

If you set this ActiveSync mailbox policy, users must secure their devices using a PIN or alphanumeric password (using the PIN or Password options in Settings > Security > Screen lock). If a device has multiple users, this policy applies to the user that has the policy installed. Other users can continue to use a less secure screen lock.
Important: The other ActiveSync mailbox policies have no effect if this policy is not set.

Require alphanumeric password
If you set this ActiveSync mailbox policy, users must secure their devices using a password that includes both letters and numbers (only the Password option is available in Settings > Security > Screen lock).

If you don’t set this mailbox policy, users may secure their devices with a password or a numeric PIN (both the Password and PIN settings are available).

Number of failed attempts allowed
This ActiveSync mailbox policy sets the maximum number of times a user can enter an incorrect password before the device resets itself to factory defaults (a local wipe). See Remote Wipe policy below for details about the effects of the factory data reset performed by a local or remote wipe.

Pure Google devices support a maximum of 31 failed password attempts for this setting.

Minimum password length
This ActiveSync mailbox policy sets a minimum number of letters or numbers for an PIN or password.

Pure Google devices support PINs and passwords of up to 16 characters.

Minimum password complex characters
This ActiveSync mailbox policy sets a minimum number of non-letter characters in the password.

Restrict password history
This ActiveSync mailbox policy prevents users from reusing the last $n$ unique passwords.

Password expiration timeout
This ActiveSync mailbox policy specifies the password expiration timeout. Email will not sync until the user specifies a new password.

Time without user input before password must be re-entered
This ActiveSync mailbox policy sets the maximum number of minutes after a user has last touched the screen or pressed a button before the device locks itself. After a lock timeout, the user must unlock the device with a PIN or password. On pure Google devices, this restricts the
Settings > Display > Sleep setting to a duration less than or equal to the value of the policy you set.

Allow non-provisionable devices
This ActiveSync mailbox policy controls whether pure Google devices that support some but not all of your mailbox policies can synchronize information with your Exchange server.

If all your mailbox policies are supported (as described in this section), this policy has no effect.

If only some of your mailbox policies are supported and you set this policy, Android enforces the supported policies when users add Exchange accounts to their devices and sync information.

If only some of your mailbox policies are supported by Android and you don’t set this policy, users cannot add Exchange accounts to their devices. Also, any existing accounts will be prevented from syncing information in the future (no existing information is deleted).

Allow attachment download
This policy controls whether email attachments can be downloaded to devices.

Maximum attachment size
This policy limits the maximum size of email attachments that are automatically downloaded.

Disable camera
This policy controls whether the device camera can be used. If a device has multiple users and only one has the policy installed, the policy is applied globally. No user can use the camera in this case.

Require device encryption
If you set this ActiveSync mailbox policy, users must secure their devices with encryption. Emails will no longer sync if the device is not encrypted.
Only the primary user (the device owner) can encrypt the device data. If the policy is installed for a secondary user, the owner must encrypt the device to comply with the secondary user’s installed policy.

Require storage card encryption
If you set this policy, users must encrypt devices that don't have a separate SD card. Nexus Galaxy, Nexus S, Nexus 4, Nexus 7, and Nexus 10 support this policy; Motorola Xoom does not.

Remote wipe
If you establish a mailbox policy on your Exchange server, you can perform a remote wipe of any pure Google device that has added an account from your server. A remote wipe performs the same action as a factory data reset (Settings > Backup & reset > Factory data reset): it erases all the user’s personal data from internal storage, including information about the user’s Exchange accounts, Google Accounts, and any other accounts. It also erases all app settings and any downloaded applications. A remote wipe does not erase any system software updates the user has downloaded or any files on the device’s shared storage, such as music or photos. If the device has multiple users, remote wipes affect the primary user and secondary users differently. A remote wipe of the primary user’s device clears personal data, app settings, and downloaded applications for all users. In addition, all secondary users are removed from the device. A remote wipe of a secondary user removes that user from the device. Other users and their data remain unaffected.

Require manual sync while roaming

If you set this ActiveSync mailbox policy, users must manually synchronize their devices while roaming in order to avoid unexpected data costs.

Allow/Bock/Quarantine(ABQ) list

This policy lets you control device access to mailboxes based on device model or type.

Conflicting security policies

Pure Google devices can add accounts and sync information from multiple Exchange servers; they can also add multiple Google Accounts and other kinds of accounts. Each of these accounts may have security policies that are enforced by Android. If accounts have conflicting security policies, Android enforces the strictest rules set by any account for each kind of policy. In other words, no account policy can relax the degree of security set by another account policy.

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